

A Federal Leasing and Development Ban Threatens New Mexico's Energy Security, Economic Growth and Environmental Progress

The natural gas and oil industry supported over 117,000 jobs and contributed more than \$17 billion to New Mexico's economy in 2018, with over \$322 million supporting local parks across the state since the start of the Land Water Conservation Fund (LWCF).

Here's what's projected to be at stake for **New Mexico's energy leadership** if a federal leasing ban is enacted according to new analysis prepared by OnLocation using the same software EIA uses to produce their Annual Energy Outlook.

ENERGY SECURITY

A Federal Leasing Ban Could Threaten
American Energy Security



47%
DECREASE

New Mexico oil production could decrease by 47%



46% DECREASE

New Mexico natural gas production could **decrease by 46%**

ECONOMIC GROWTH

A Federal Leasing Ban Could Hinder Economic Growth, Threaten Jobs & Harm American Families



Over **62,000 jobs** in New Mexico could be lost by 2022



\$1.1 billion in New Mexico revenue could be at risk

ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRESS

A Federal Leasing Ban Could Undermine U.S. Environmental Progress



National U.S. CO₂ emissions could increase by an average of **58 million** metric tons and keep rising to represent a **5.5% increase** in the power sector by 2030



HALF
THE U.S. NATIONAL
COAL CAPACITY

Current transition from coal to natural gas could be **delayed**, keeping half the coal capacity that would otherwise be retired by 2030



Total U.S. **coal** use could **increase** by **15%** by 2030

COMMUNITY SUPPORT

A Federal Leasing Ban Could Impact Critical Community And Public Services



\$3.1 billion in New Mexico's general fund, which is **39%** of New Mexico's revenue

*www.nmoga.org



\$322 MILLION IN CONSERVATION

\$322 million contributed from the Land Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) to New Mexico since the fund was started.



\$1.4 billion in education funding *www.nmoga.org



